



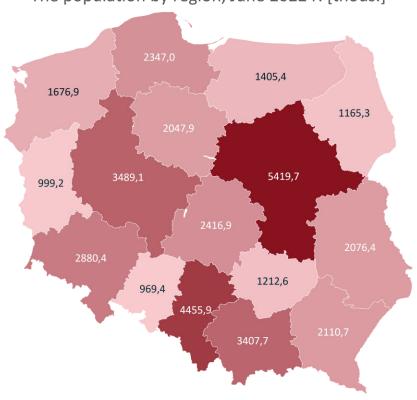
Macroeconomic Review
by the Polish Investment and Trade Agency
no. 180

# Poland's population



The population by region, June 2022 r. [thous.]







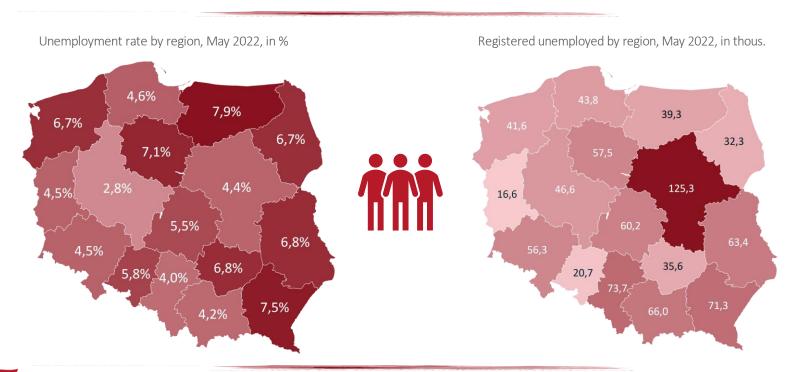




# The situation on Poland's labour market (1/2)

The registered unemployment rate at the end of May 2022 was 5.1%, which is appoximately 0.1% lower than April 2022. In May 2021 the rate was 6.1%.

The number of registered unemployed at the end of May 2022 was 850.2 thous., compared to 878.0 thous. last month and 1 026.8 thous. in the same month last year.

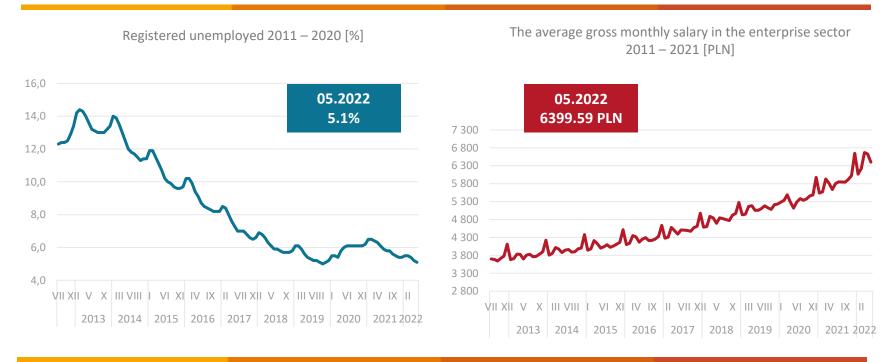




# Polish Investment & Trade Agency PFR Group

# The situation on Poland's labour market (2/2)

In May 2022, average paid employment in the enterprise sector compared to May 2021 was higher by 2.4% y/y and amounted to 6491.6 thousand. In comparison to the previous month average paid employment minimally decreased (by 0,1%). Average gross wages and salaries in the enterprise sector in May 2022 compared to May 2021 were higher by 13.5% y/y and amounted to 6399.59 PLN. Compared to April 2022, average gross wages and salaries decreased by 3.4%.





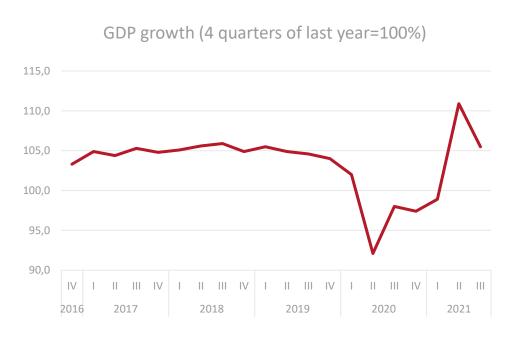
Sources: http://bdm.stat

https://stat.gov.pl/en/topics/labour-market/working-employed-wages-and-salaries-cost-of-labour/

# Gross Domestic Product









Growth
2019/2020
-2.5%
According to bdm.stat.gov.pl

Forecasts

EUROPEAN COMMISSION IMF
2022 2023 2022 2023
5.5% 4.2% 3.7% 2.9%



# Industrial production sales



**ENERGY-RELATED** 

**GOODS** 

Y/Y

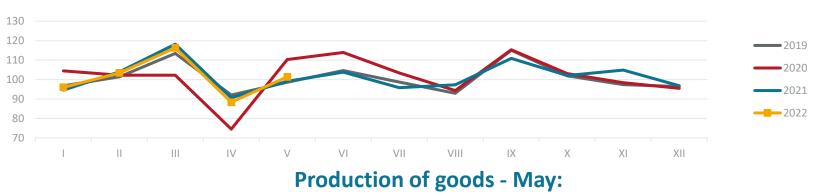
+18.1%

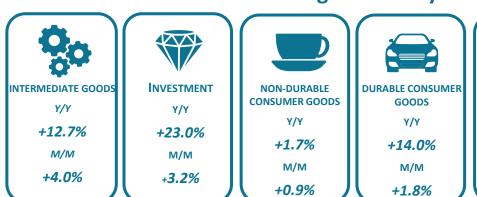
M/M

-8.2%

In May 2022, sold production of industry was 15.0% higher than in May 2021, when an increase by 29.7% was recorded, whereas in comparison with April 2022, it increased by 1.4%. In the period between January – May 2022, the sold production of industry was 14.6% higher than in the analogous period of 2021, when a 18.1% growth has been recorded.

Industrial production sales in constant prices between 2019 – 2022 (previous month = 100%)



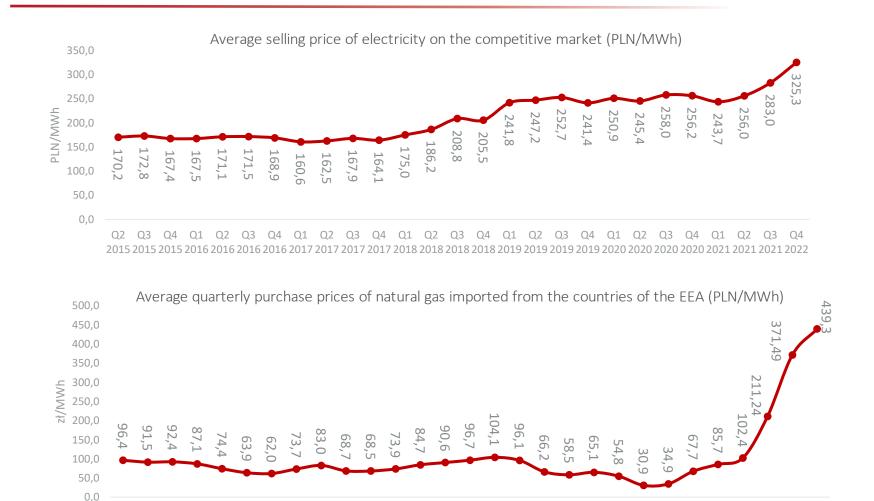




Sources: http://bdm.stat.gov.pl/ https://stat.gov.pl/en/topics/industry-construction-fixed-assets/industry/







Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q4 Q1 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q4 Q1 Q4 Q1 Q4 Q4 Q1 Q4 Q1

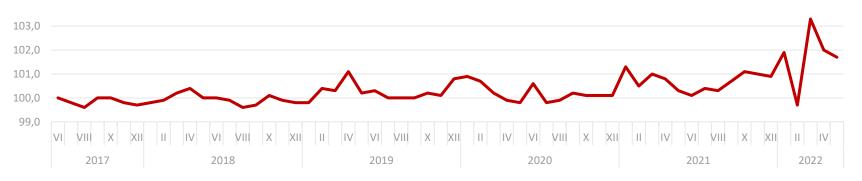


# Inflation

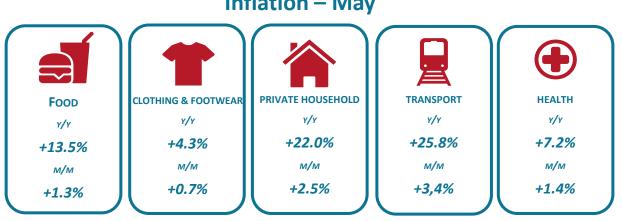


According to the data for May 2022, the value of industrial production prices increased by 1.3% compared to April 2022 and in comparison with that recorded in the corresponding month of the previous year – by 24.7%. Consumer prices in May 2022 increased by 1.7% when compared to the previous month, while year-over-year prices increased by 13.9%.

### Consumer Price Index\* (previous month = 100%)



### **Inflation – May**





# International trade (1/2)

### Cumulative monthly data



The values and dynamics\* of foreign trade

(denominated by currency)

Jar	nuary-April 20	22
zł	€	\$
EXPORT	EXPORT	EXPORT
PLN 487.0 BN	€ 106.2 BN	\$ 119.5 <i>BN</i>
+17.3% Y/Y	+16.1% Y/Y	+8.5% Y/Y
IMPORT	IMPORT	IMPORT
PLN 523.3 BN	€ 116.1 BN	\$ 130.7 BN
+33.7% Y/Y	+32.4% Y/Y	+23.6% Y/Y
BALANCE	BALANCE	BALANCE
- PLN 45.3 BN	- € 9.9 BN	- \$ 11.1 BN

Foreign trade turnover in January-April 2022 in exports at current prices amounted to PLN 487.0 bn, while in imports - PLN 523.3 bn. The negative balance reached the level of PLN 45.3 bn, while in the same period of 2021 it was positive and amounted to PLN 17.1 bn. In comparison to the corresponding period of 2021 exports increased by 17.3% and imports by 33.7%.



<sup>\*</sup>in relation to exports / imports in the same period of the previous year



# International trade (2/2)

### Cumulative monthly data



2021

I - IV

2022

	PLN	USD	EUR	PLN	USD	EUR	structu	re in %
Exports	487.0	119.5	106.2	117.3	108.5	116.1	100.0	100.0
Developed countries	429.1	105.4	93.6	119.5	110.5	118.3	86.5	88.1
of which EU	371.6	91.2	81.1	118.7	109.7	117.5	75.4	76.3
of which euro-zone	290.1	71.2	63.3	117.2	108.3	116.0	59.6	59.6
Developing countries	38.0	9.3	8.3	114.3	105.6	113.2	8.0	7.8
Count. of Cent. and East. Europe	19.8	4.9	4.3	86.9	80.5	86.0	5.5	4.1
Imports (country of origin)	532.3	130.7	116.1	133.7	123.6	132.4	100.0	100.0
Developed countries	323.6	79.5	70.6	125.4	115.9	124.1	64.8	60.8
of which EU	275.3	67.6	60.1	122.6	113.4	121.4	56.4	51.7
of which euro-zone	227.5	55.9	49.7	122.1	113.0	121.0	46.8	42.7
Developing countries	159.0	39.0	34.7	139.7	129.0	138.3	28.6	29.9
Count. of Cent. and East. Europe	49.8	12.2	10.9	189.8	175.7	188.1	6.6	9.3
Balance	-45.3	-11.1	-9.9					
Developed countries	105.6	25.9	23.0					
of which EU	96.3	23.6	21.0					
of which euro-zone	62.7	15.3	13.6					
Developing countries	-121.0	-29.7	-26.4					

-6.5

-7.4

bn

bn

-29.9

I - IV 2022

bn

I - IV 2021 = 100





Count. of Cent. and East. Europe

**SPECIFICATION** 

# International Trade Trade turnover 2021 (Poland)

& Trade Agency

Polish Investment

PFR Group

Preliminary data is available.

### EXPORT 2021



1. Road vehicles EUR 27.52 billion



2. Electrical machinery and equipment EUR 24.87 billion



3. Miscellaneous products EUR 17.46 billion



4. Furniture and parts thereof EUR 13.77 billion



5. Manufactures of metals EUR 13.27 billion





→ Export - TOTAL EUR 285.80 billion

### IMPORT 2021



1. Electrical machinery and equipment EUR 23.77 billion



2. Road vehicles EUR 22.26 billion



3. Petroleum and petroleum products EUR 14.32 billion



4. Iron and steel EUR 14.30 billion



Telecommunications equipment EUR 13.25 billion





→ Import - TOTAL EUR 286.36 billion

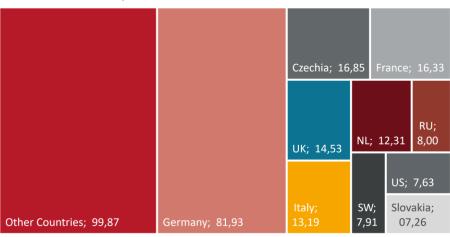
### Imports - growth y/y - TOP 5

1.	Electric current	+ 231.5%
2.	Pulp and waste paper	+ 67.1%
3.	Gas, natural and manufactured	+ 62.7%
4.	Fixed vegetable fats and oils	+ 62.5%
5.	Coal, coke and briquettes	+ 58.7%

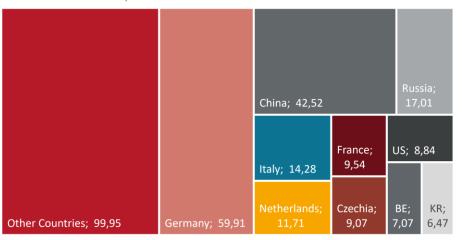
Exports - growth y/y - TOP 5

1.	Other goods and transactions - not classified	+ 233.9%
2.	Gold, non-monetary	+ 88.0%
3.	Gas, natural and manufactured	+ 75.5%
4.	Iron and steel	+ 63.7%
5.	Plastics	+ 54.0%

Export 2021 - TOP 10 countries - b. EUR



Import 2021 - TOP 10 countries - b. EUR



BE – Belgium, KR – South Korea, NL – Netherlands, RU – Russia, SW – Sweden →



# International Trade

### Trade turnover across years

180,92 2016

2017

**Export** 

Preliminary data is available.

2015

310,00

290,00

270,00

250,00

230,00

210,00

190,00

170,00



# Trade turnover of goods (bn EUR) 286,36 228,17 238,15 239,88 285,80 279,58 206,65 223,60 236,98 229,37

2018

---Import

2019

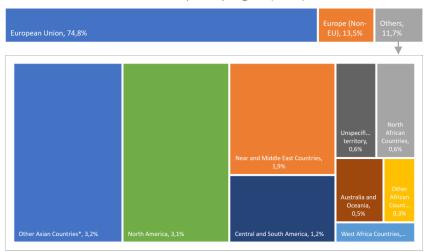
2020

2021





### Poland's Export by region (2021)



\*Other Asian Countries (without Near and Middle East Countries)

2021	Export (b. EUR)	Export - share %	Balance (b. EUR)
Europe	252,36	88,3%	64,35
Other Asian Countries*	9,10	3,2%	-62,58
Near and Middle East Countries	5,53	1,9%	-3,54
North African Countries	1,70	0,6%	0,40
Other African Countries	0,95	0,3%	0,18
West Africa Countries	0,73	0,3%	-0,50
North America	8,88	3,1%	-0,47
Central and South America	3,32	1,2%	-0,92
Australia and Oceania	1,44	0,5%	0,74
Antarctica	0,00	0,0%	0,00
Unspecified territory	1,79	0,6%	1,79

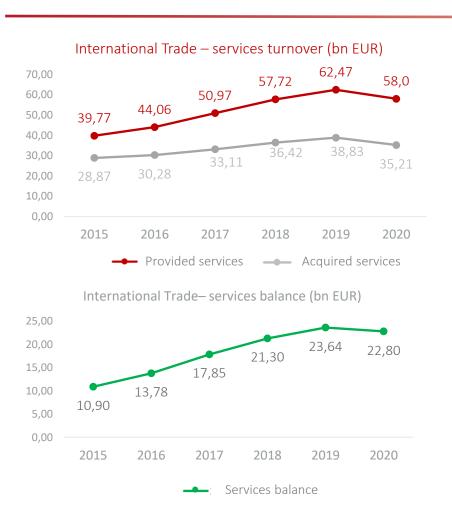
Source: Statistics Poland - Foreign Trade Database

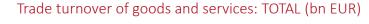


### **International Trade**

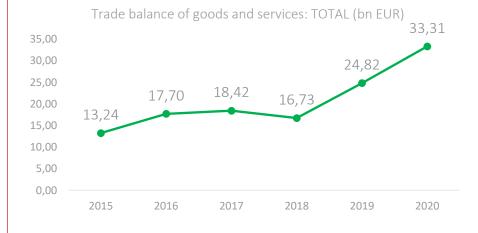
### Turnover in services









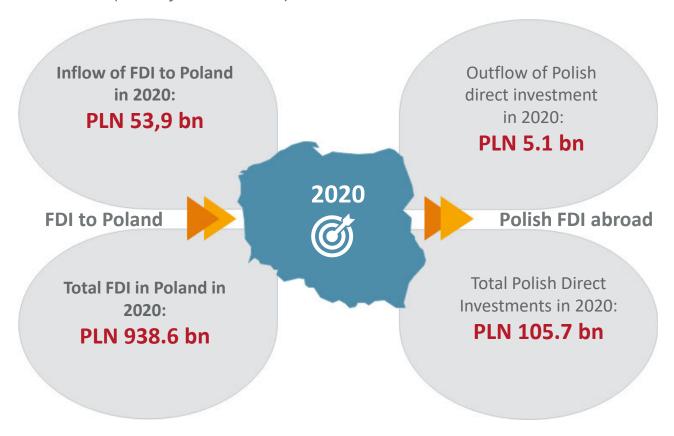






# Foreign direct investments (FDI) (1/3)

The National Bank of Poland publishes its annual data on the inflow to Poland and the outflow from Poland (transactions) of capital in the form of direct investment, as well as the existing value of FDI in Poland and Polish Direct Investments abroad (state of commitments).





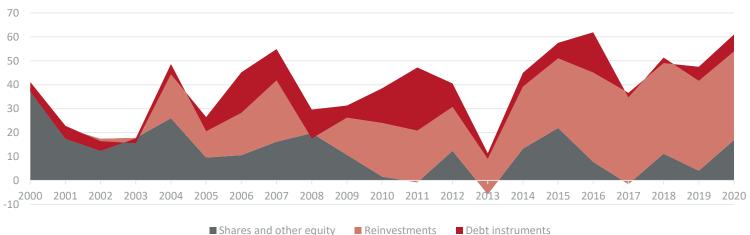


# Foreign direct investments (2/3)





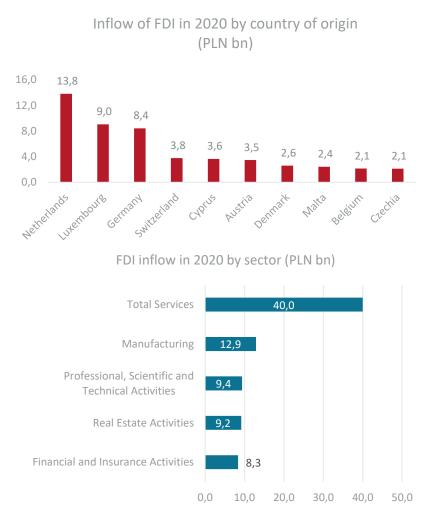
Inflow of FDI to Poland in PLN billion broken down by types of capital flows

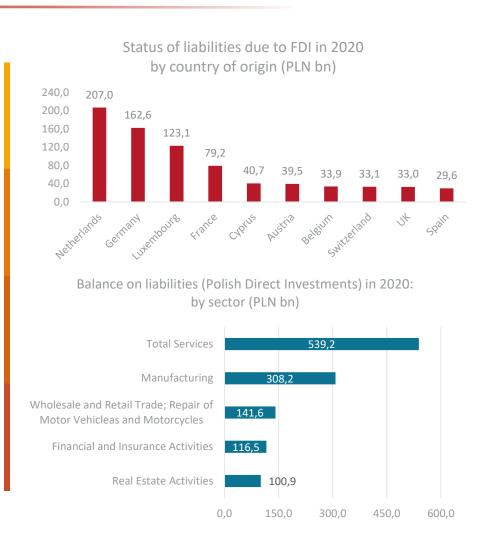




# Foreign direct investments (3/3)





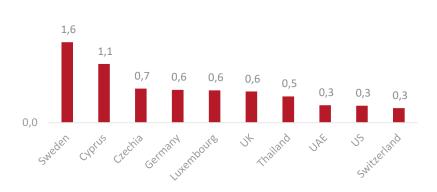




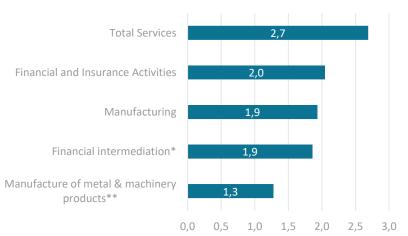


# Polish direct investments (PIB)

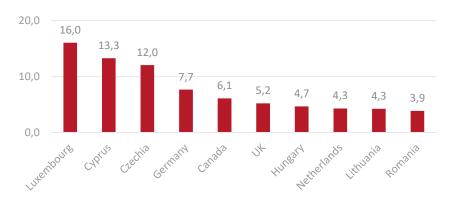
# PIB ouflow in 2020: countries of destination (PLN bn)



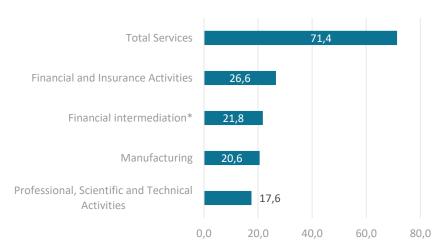
PIB outflow 2020 sectors (PLN bn)



Balance on liabilities PIB in 2020: countries of destination (PLN bn)



Balance on liabilities PIB in 2020: sectors (PLN bn)





<sup>\*</sup>except insurance and pension funding

<sup>\*\*</sup>except electrical equipment

# National Bank of Poland – interest rates



Basic NBP interest rates is a monetary policy tool that regulates the amount of money on the Polish market. By determining the interest rates, the NBP influences the level of the interbank market, and thus the interest rates on loans and deposits of Commercial Banks.

During its meeting on 08.06.2022, the Monetary Policy Council decided to increase the interest rates.

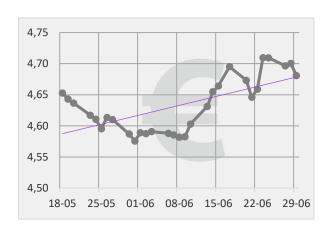
Interest rate	Rate	Applicable since:
Reference rate	6.00%	2022-06-09
Marginal lending facility rate	6.50%	2022-06-09
Deposit rate	5.50%	2022-06-09
Rediscount rate	6.05%	2022-06-09
Minimum reserve ratio  for PLN funds and funds in foreign currencies accumulated in bank accounts, for funds obtained from issuing securities	3.50%	2022-03-31



# Currency rates

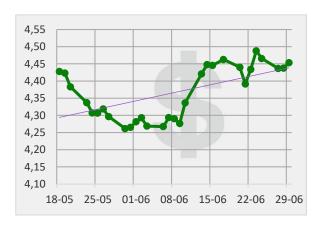


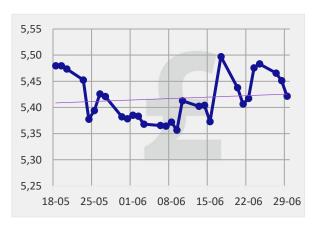
### The weighted average in V 2022:





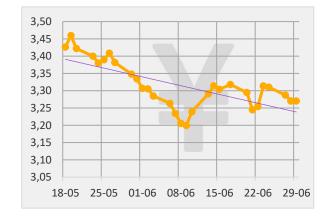








¥ 100 PLN 3.42





# Poland's ratings



Credit ratings are used by investment funds and other investors to assess loans for a given entity, e.g. a country, significantly affecting the cost of loans for that entity and related entities.



Moody's	Standard&Poors	Fitch
A2	A-	A-
stable perspective	stable perspective	stable perspective
"Upper medium grade"	"Upper medium grade"	"Upper medium grade"
low credit risk	low credit risk	low credit risk
investment level	investment level	investment level
12.05.2017	12.10.2018	23.08.2013





### For further information contact

e-mail:

aleksander.jasinski@paih.gov.pl

pawel.kasprowicz@paih.gov.pl

natalia.lesniak@paih.gov.pl

### **Address**

The Polish Investment and Trade Agency S.A.

The Department for Strategy and Business Promotion

Krucza 50 St.

00-025 Warsaw

